

## Interesting facts (Dholki)

### *1. Did you know about Dholki?*

The Dholki is also known by the name Naal. As compared to the dholak, the dholki has longer and slimmer bodies. The dholki is used in [qawwali](#), bhajan, [lavani](#), [kirtan bhangra](#), [chutney](#), baithak gana, [tamasha](#), street performance, and various classical styles. As compared to other similar instruments like the tabla and dholak, the dholki produces a loud sound.

### *2. In which region is dholki popular?*

In [South Asia](#), the dholki is a very popular musical instrument. Among South Asian countries, it is used in [India](#), [Bangladesh](#), and Pakistan.

### *3. What is dholki's material of construction?*

A dholki is a barrel shaped instrument that has two different-sized heads. A small head is used to produce a high-pitched sound, while a large head is used to create a low-pitched sound. A small head is covered with goatskin. A large head is generally covered with buffalo skin. The body of the dholki is made of wood. [Sheeshaame](#) and mango wood utilized for dholki.

### *4. Do you know about the size of a dholki?*

The dholki looks like a barrel or cylinder shape. The length of a dholki is about 16–24 inches. Two drumheads show different sizes. The small head of the dholki is about 5.5-8 inches in diameter. The large head of the dholki is about 7.5 to 10 inches in diameter. Goat skin is used to produce a higher-pitched sound, while buffalo skin is used to produce a lower-pitched sound.

## *References*

<https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Dholak>

[https://artsandculture.google.com/asset/dholki/-gFJuKT11Afb\\_A?hl=en](https://artsandculture.google.com/asset/dholki/-gFJuKT11Afb_A?hl=en)